



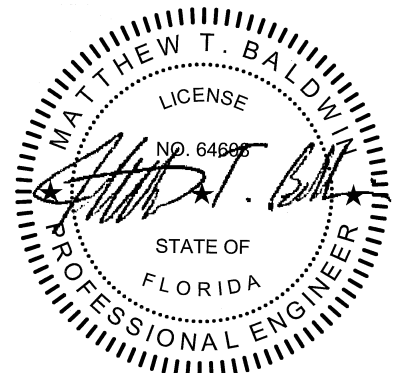
# ENGINEERING STRUCTURAL CALCULATIONS For Gillette 168" Frame Genset

October 19, 2016

**168" Frame Genset Models:**

PR-3000	SP-4250
PR-3500	SPMD-5500
SP-3500	SPMD-6000
SP-4000	SP-4500

Designed with reference from: 2014 Florida Building Code 5th Edition with 2016 Supplements  
ASCE 7 - Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures  
2005 Aluminum Association Design Manual  
ANSI/AISC 360-05 Specifications for Structural Steel Buildings



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# Project Information

**Project Name/Model #** - Gillette 168" Frame Genset  
**Project Number** -  
 Project Description - 180mph Windload Calculations  
 Project Location -  
 Customer -  
 Mounting Location - Ground

## Enclosure Materials

Roof Beam - 11 Gage CRS  
 Roof Panels - 0.080 Aluminum Panel - 5052-H34  
 Wall Panels - 0.080 Aluminum Panel - 5052-H34

## Components

GenSet Manufacturer - Gillette Generators, Inc.  
 GenSet Size and Model - 168" Frame  
 Base - Bent Aluminum Frame

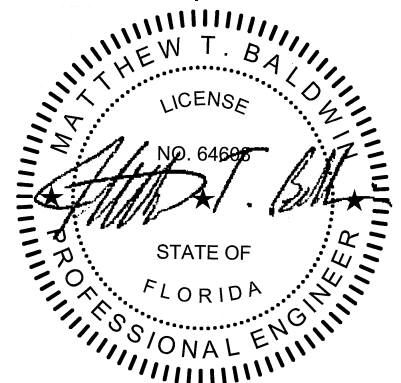
Supported by - Base

## Fasteners/Hardware

	Bolt Size	Grade/Finish
Panels	5/16" - 18	Grade 18-8/SS
Enclosure to Base	5/16" - 18	Grade 18-8/SS

## Specification Requirements

Wind Speed - 180 mph (Greater of Design or Site)  
 Exposure Category - D



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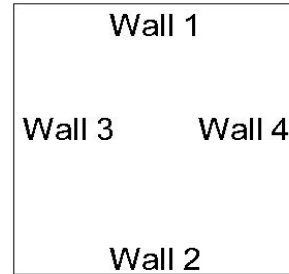
# Enclosure Dimensions & Component Weights

## Gillette 168" Frame Genset

Roof Style-    Flat

### Enclosure Dimensions (ft)

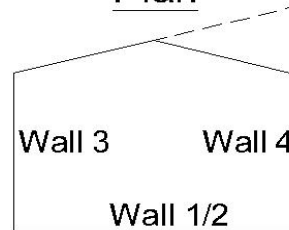
Wall	Length (ft)		Height (ft)
1	6	x	8.5625
2	6	x	8.5625
3	6.83	x	8.5625
4	6.83	x	8.5625



Plan

### Base Dimensions

Width (Wall 1/2 Side)	=	82	in
Length (Wall 3/4 Side)	=	168	in
Height	=	8	in



Elevation

### Roof/Eave Information

Roof Pitch Angle - $(\theta)$	=	0.0	Degrees
Eave/Roof Height - $h$	=	8.5625	

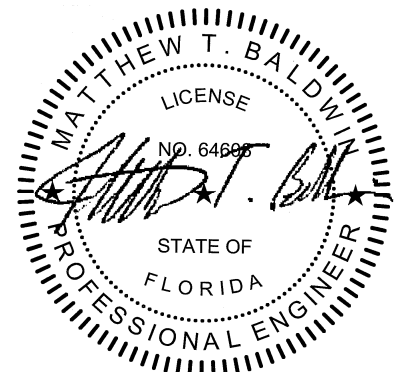
### Structure Areas

Walls 1/2 Area - $(w1)$	=	51.4	ft <sup>2</sup>	=	7,398	in <sup>2</sup>
Walls 3/4 Area - $(w3)$	=	58.5	ft <sup>2</sup>	=	8,421	in <sup>2</sup>
Roof Area - $(R)$	=	41.0	ft <sup>2</sup>	=	5,901	in <sup>2</sup>

Base Side 1/2	$(T1)$	=	656.0	in <sup>2</sup>
Base Side 3/4	$(T3)$	=	1,344.0	in <sup>2</sup>

### Component Weights

Genset	=	0	lbs	(Varies, so will use zero to be conservative/most uplift to resist)
Enclosure	=	350	lbs	(Based on Aluminum to be conservative/most uplift to resist)
Base Frame	=	300	lbs	(Based on Aluminum to be conservative/most uplift to resist)



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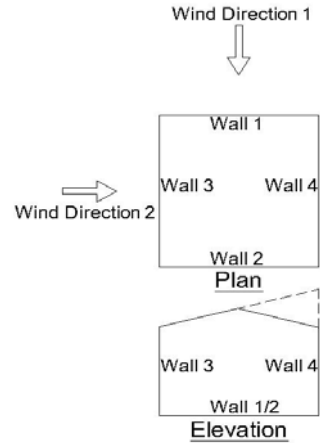
# MWFRS Net Pressures

## Gillette 168" Frame Genset

### Wind

Directional Procedure method from ASCE 7 are utilized in these calculations.

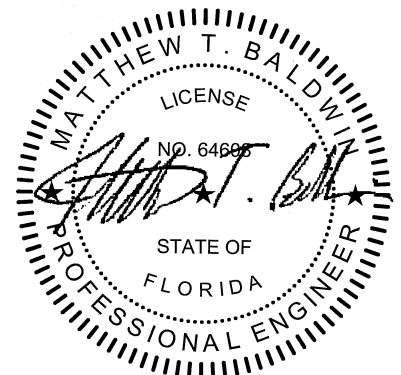
Enclosure Classification	-	Enclosed
Exposure Category	-	D
Basic Wind Speed	(V)	180 mph
Wind Directionality Factors	(K <sub>d</sub> )	0.85
Internal Pressure Coefficients	(GC <sub>pi</sub> )	± 0.18
Velocity Pressure Exposure Coefficient	(K <sub>z</sub> )	1.03
Roof Mean Height Above Ground Level	(z)	9.23 ft
Velocity Pressure	(q)	72.63 psf



Wind Direction 1									
	Enclosure								
	Wall #			Roof					
	1	2	3&4	Parallel to Ridge					
	Windward	Leeward	Side	(C <sub>p</sub> )1 (Distance From Windward Edge)				(C <sub>p</sub> )2	
				0 to 4.3	> 4.3				
Background Response Factor (Q)	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97					
Gust Effect Factors (G)	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91					
External Pressure Coefficients (C <sub>p</sub> )	0.80	-0.472	-0.70	-1.04	-0.70				-0.18
Net Pressures with + (GC <sub>pi</sub> ) - psf (Net <sub>p+</sub> )	39.8	-44.3	-59.3	-81.8	-59.3				-25.0
Net Pressures with - (GC <sub>pi</sub> ) - psf (Net <sub>p-</sub> )	65.9	-18.1	-33.1	-55.6	-33.2				1.2

Wind Direction 2									
	Enclosure								
	Wall #			Roof - Normal To Ridge					
	3	4	1&2	(C <sub>p</sub> )1 (Distance From Windward Edge)				(C <sub>p</sub> )2	
	Windward	Leeward	Side	0 to 4.3	> 4.3				
Background Response Factor (Q)	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97					
Gust Effect Factors (G)	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91					
External Pressure Coefficients (C <sub>p</sub> )	0.80	-0.5	-0.70	-1.04	-0.70				-0.18
Net Pressures with + (GC <sub>pi</sub> ) - psf (Net <sub>p+</sub> )	39.7	-46.1	-59.3	-81.7	-59.3				-25.0
Net Pressures with - (GC <sub>pi</sub> ) - psf (Net <sub>p-</sub> )	65.9	-19.9	-33.2	-55.6	-33.1				1.2

Plus and minus signs signify pressures acting toward or away from the surfaces, respectively.



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# Structural Calculations - Roof

## Gillette 168" Frame Genset

### Critical Loads & Pressures

#### Wind Pressures

Downforce 1.189 psf = 0.01 psi  
Uplift -81.78 psf = -0.57 psi

### Section Properties

11 Gage CRS

Cross Sectional Area  $(A)$  = 1.23 in<sup>2</sup>  
Moment of Inertia - x  $(I_x)$  = 1.85 in<sup>4</sup>  
Moment of Inertia - y  $(I_y)$  = N/A in<sup>4</sup>  
Section Modulus - x  $(S_x)$  = 1.34 in<sup>3</sup>  
Section Modulus - y  $(S_y)$  = N/A in<sup>3</sup>  
Radius of Gyration - x  $(r_x)$  = 1.23 in  
Radius of Gyration - y  $(r_y)$  = N/A in  
Polar Moment of Inertia  $(J)$  = N/A in<sup>4</sup>  
Weight of Beam  $(\omega)$  = 0.17 lbs/in  
Modulus of Elasticity  $(E)$  = 2.90E+04 ksi  
Safety Factor  $(n_u)$  = 1.95  
Safety Factor  $(n_y)$  = 1.65  
Coefficient  $(k_t)$  = 1.00  
Tensile Ultimate Strength  $(F_{tu})$  = 58 ksi  
Tensile Yield Strength  $(F_{ty})$  = 36 ksi  
Compressive Yield Strength  $(F_{cy})$  = 22 ksi  
Shear Ultimate Strength  $(F_{su})$  = 36 ksi

### Roof Frame Calculations

Member Designed for Forces Acting on the [Strong Axis](#)

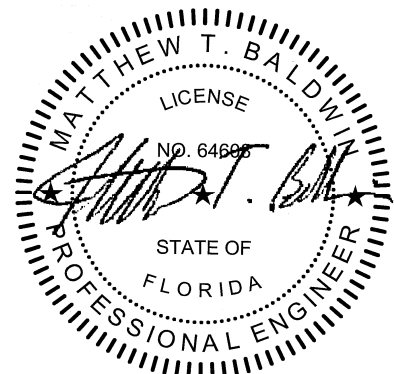
#### Interior Beam Critical Member Dimensions

Interior Beam Length  $(L_i)$  = 81.75 in  
Load Spanned Width  $(W_i)$  = 56.1 in

#### Interior Beam Calculated Forces

##### Distributed Loads

Weight of Beam  $(\omega)$  = 0.170 lbs/in  
Wind Load Downforce  $(w_d)$  = 0.463 lbs/in  
Wind Load Uplift Force  $(w_u)$  = -31.861 lbs/in



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**Shear Forces (Maximum at End)**

Beam Weight Shear ( $V_b$ ) = 6.95 lbs  
 Wind DownForce Shear ( $V_{wd}$ ) = 18.9 lbs  
 Wind Uplift Shear ( $V_{wu}$ ) = -1302.3 lbs

Total Shear Downward = 25.9 lbs  
 Total Shear Upward = 1,295.4 lbs

Design Shear ( $V_{bi}$ ) = 1295.4 lbs

**Stress Forces (Bending)**

Beam Weight Moment ( $M_b$ ) = 95 lb-in  
 Wind Downforce Moment ( $M_d$ ) = 193 lb-in  
 Wind Uplift Moment ( $M_u$ ) = -13,308 lb-in

Total Moments Downward = 288 lb-in  
 Total Moments Upward = 13,213 lb-in

Design Moment ( $M_T$ ) = 13,213 lb-in

Design Stress ( $\sigma_{bi}$ ) = 9,861 psi

**Interior Beam Design Calculations**

**Allowable Shear Strength**

Slenderness Limit 1 ( $S_1$ ) = -20.08  
 Slenderness Limit 2 ( $S_2$ ) = 102.40  
 Slenderness Ratio ( $S$ ) = 18.0

Allowable Shear Stress = 9,856 psi  
 Allowable Shear Strength ( $V_n$ ) = 12,135 lbs

**Conclusion**

( $V_{bi}$ ) 1,295 lbs < ( $V_n$ ) 12,135 lbs **OK**

**Allowable Stresses For Tension And Compression (Bending)**

**Tension**

Allowable Tensile Stress ( $F_t$ ) = 16,000 psi

**Compression**

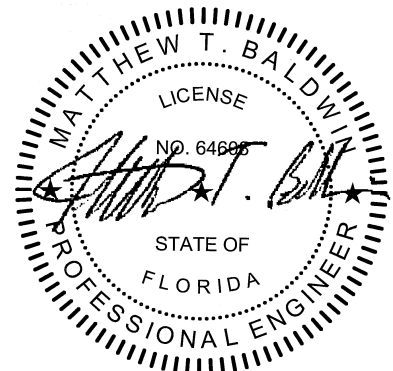
Slenderness Limit 1 ( $S_1$ ) = 25.0  
 Slenderness Limit 2 ( $S_2$ ) = 125.0  
 Slenderness Ratio ( $S$ ) = 66.5

Allowable Compressive Stress ( $F_c$ ) = 10,885 psi

The Allowable Compressive Stress is the controlling failure design  
 Therefore, ( $F_b$ ) = 10,885 psi

**Conclusion**

( $\sigma_{bi}$ ) 9,861 psi < ( $F_b$ ) 10,885 psi **OK**



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## Entire Roof Uplift Calculations

### Roof Area

Area of Roof Subjected to Uplift  $(R) = 5,901 \text{ in}^2$

### Roof Uplift Calculated Forces

To be conservative, the weight of the roof frame and panels is neglected.

Weight of Accessories  $(\omega_a) = 0 \text{ lbs}$

Wind Load Uplift Force  $(W_{ru}) = -3,351 \text{ lbs}$

Total Roof Design Uplift  $(W_{ru}) = \underline{-2,011} \text{ lbs}$

### Mounting Hardware - Roof Frame to Wall Panels

Screws Along Length - 1 Side = 12 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

Screws Along Width - 1 Side = 4 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

Total Mounting Screws = 32 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

### Entire Roof Uplift Design Calculations

Grade 18-8 Ultimate Strength = 150,000 psi

5/16 Bolt Nominal Diameter = 0.255 in

5/16 Bolt Effective Area = 0.051 in<sup>2</sup>

5/16 SBolt Threads per Inch = 18

Washer Nominal Diameter = 0.875 in

Wall Panel Tensile Ult. Strength = 34 ksi

Wall Panel Tensile Yield Strength = 26 ksi

Safety Factor = 3

Wall Panel Nominal Thickness = 0.062 in

Maximum Tensile Strength = 439.2 lbs

Maximum Shear/Bearing Strength = 408.6 lbs

Max. Tensile Load per Screw = 408.6 lbs

Max. Total Screws Tensile Strength  $(P_{ts}) = \underline{13,074} \text{ lbs}$

### Conclusion

$(W_{ru}) \quad 2,011 \text{ lbs} < (P_{ts}) \quad 13,074 \text{ lbs} \quad \underline{\text{OK}}$

## Roof Panel Uplift Calculations

### Roof Panel Critical Member Dimensions

Critical Panel Length  $(L_p) = 58.13 \text{ in}$

Critical Panel Width  $(W_p) = 82 \text{ in}$

### Roof Panel Uplift Calculated Forces

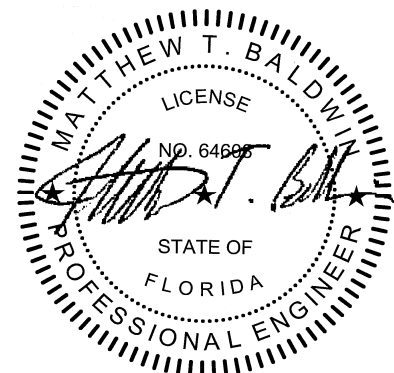
#### Distributed Loads

Wind Load Uplift Force  $(W_{pu}) = \underline{1,624.1} \text{ lbs}$

#### Mounting Hardware - Roof Panel to Roof Frame

Screws Along Length - 1 Side = 4 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

Screws Along Width - 1 Side = 4 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS



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**Roof Panel Uplift Design Calculations**

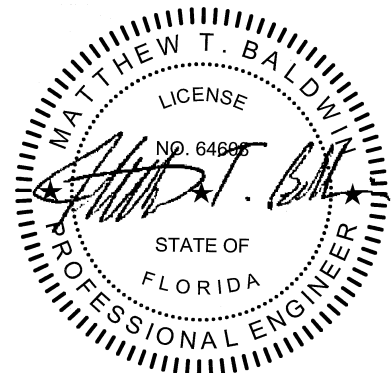
Grade 410 Ultimate Strength = 150,000 psi  
5/16 Bolt Nominal Diameter = 0.255 in  
5/16 Bolt Effective Area = 0.051 in<sup>2</sup>  
5/16 Bolt Threads per Inch = 18  
Washer Nominal Diameter = 0.875 in  
Roof Panel Tensile Ult. Strength = 34 ksi  
Roof Panel Tensile Yield Strength = 26 ksi  
Safety Factor = 3  
Roof Panel Nominal Thickness = 0.080 in

	Roof Frame		
Maximum Tensile Strength =	439.2	lbs	(Accounts for screw pull-over strength)
Maximum Shear/Bearing Strength =	408.6	lbs	
Max. Tensile Load per Screw =	408.6	lbs	

Max. Total Screws Tensile Strength ( $P_{ts}$ ) = 6,537 lbs

**Conclusion**

$(w_{pu})$  1,624 lbs < ( $P_{ts}$ ) 6,537 lbs **OK**



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# Structural Calculations - Walls/Columns

## Gillette 168" Frame Genset

### Critical Wind Load Pressures and Roof Forces

#### Walls 1 & 2

Maximum Pressures Acting:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Toward} & 65.9 \text{ psf} & = & 0.4578 \text{ psi} \\ \text{Away} & -59.3 \text{ psf} & = & -0.4119 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

#### Walls 3 & 4

Maximum Pressures Acting:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Toward} & 65.9 \text{ psf} & = & 0.4576 \text{ psi} \\ \text{Away} & -59.3 \text{ psf} & = & -0.4118 \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

### Critical Wall Panel Dimensions

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Critical/Maximum Panel Width} & = & 46 & \text{ in} \\ \text{Critical/Maximum Panel Height} & = & 92.5 & \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

### Section Properties

0.080 Aluminum Panel - 5052-H34

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cross Sectional Area} & (A) & = & 3.79 \text{ in}^2 \\ \text{Moment of Inertia - x} & (I_x) & = & 0.05 \text{ in}^4 \\ \text{Section Modulus - x} & (S_x) & = & 0.80 \text{ in}^3 \\ \text{Radius of Gyration - x} & (r_x) & = & 0.11 \text{ in} \\ \text{Modulus of Elasticity} & (E) & = & 1.02\text{E}+04 \text{ ksi} \\ \text{Safety Factor} & (n_u) & = & 1.95 \\ \text{Factor of Safety} & (n_y) & = & 1.65 \\ \text{Coefficient - Tension Member} & (k_t) & = & 1.0 \\ \text{Tensile Ultimate Strength} & (F_{tu}) & = & 34 \text{ ksi} \\ \text{Tensile Yield Strength} & (F_{ty}) & = & 26 \text{ ksi} \\ \text{Shear Ultimate Strength} & (F_{su}) & = & 20 \text{ ksi} \\ \text{Compressive Yield Strength} & (F_{cy}) & = & 24 \text{ ksi} \end{aligned}$$

### Critical Wall Panel Calculated Forces

#### Maximum Wind Pressure on Walls

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum + Wind Pressure} & = & 0.4578 & \text{ psi} \\ \text{Maximum - Wind Pressure} & = & -0.4119 & \text{ psi} \end{aligned}$$

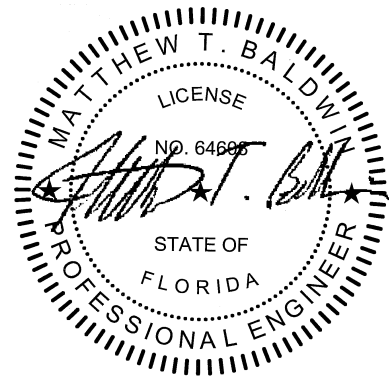
Plus and minus signs signify pressures acting toward or away from the surfaces, respectively.

#### Wind Shear Distributed Loads on Critical Panel

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum + Wind Shear} & = & 21.1 & \text{ lbs/in} \\ \text{Maximum - Wind Shear} & = & -18.9 & \text{ lbs/in} \end{aligned}$$

#### Total Wind Shear on Critical Panel

$$\text{Total Panel Design Shear } (V_{ww}) = 1,948.0 \text{ lbs}$$



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**Critical Panel Roof Load (Roof to Wall)**

Axial Roof Load  $(W_{wr}) = 0.0$  lbs

**Mounting Hardware - Wall Panel to Wall Panel**

To be conservative, the 'wall to roof' and 'wall to floor' connections are neglected.

Bolts Along Length - 1 Side = 3 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

Total Mounting Screws = 6 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

**Wall Panel Design Calculations**

**Mounting Hardware - Shear and Tension**

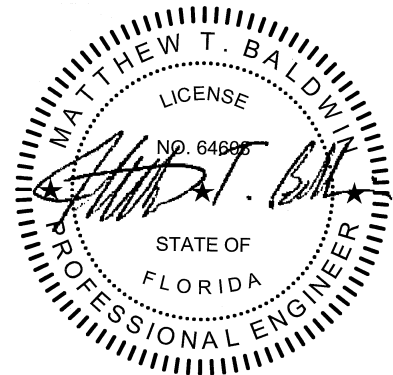
Grade 18-8/SS = 150,000 psi  
 Grade 18-8/SS Shear Strength = 30,000 psi (Includes Reduction Factor)  
 Grade 18-8/SS Tensile Strength = 57,000 psi (Includes Reduction Factor)  
 5/16" Bolt Effective Area = 0.0510 in<sup>2</sup>  
 Shear Strength per Bolt = 1,530 lbs  
 Tensile Strength per Bolt = 2,907 lbs

Total Bolts Shear Strength  $(R_{vb}) = 9,180$  lbs

Total Bolts Tensile Strength  $(R_{tb}) = 17,442$  lbs

**Conclusion**

$(V_{ww})$  1,948 lbs <  $(R_{vb})$  9,180 lbs **OK**



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# Structural Calculations - Enclosure to Base/Tank or Pad

## Gillette 168" Frame Genset

### Critical Pressures & Loads

To determine maximum moment forces, pressures are algebraically combined relative to toward or away forces (+ & -) and each wind direction.

#### Wind Direction 1

##### Net Pressures with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)

Walls 1 & 2 -	84.1	psf =	0.5837	psi
Wall 3 or 4 -	59.3	psf =	0.4118	psi
Roof Uplift -	81.8	psf =	0.5679	psi

##### Net Pressures with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)

Walls 1 & 2 -	84.1	psf =	0.5837	psi
Wall 3 or 4 -	33.1	psf =	0.2302	psi
Roof Uplift -	55.6	psf =	0.3863	psi

#### Wind Direction 2

##### Net Pressures with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)

Walls 3 & 4 -	85.8	psf =	0.5961	psi
Wall 1 or 2 -	59.3	psf =	0.4119	psi
Roof Uplift -	81.7	psf =	0.5677	psi

##### Net Pressures with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)

Walls 3 & 4 -	85.8	psf =	0.5961	psi
Wall 1 or 2 -	33.2	psf =	0.2304	psi
Roof Uplift -	55.6	psf =	0.3861	psi

### Enclosure Critical Dimensions & Weights

Total Enclosure Weight ( $W_t$ ) =	350	lbs	(Includes all components)
Walls 1/2 Area - ( $w1$ ) =	7398.0	in <sup>2</sup>	
Walls 3/4 Area - ( $w3$ ) =	8421.4	in <sup>2</sup>	
Roof Area - ( $R$ ) =	5901.1	in <sup>2</sup>	

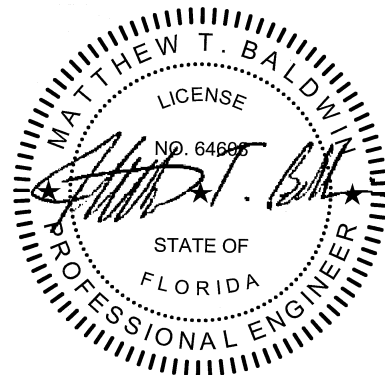
### Enclosure Calculated Forces

#### Maximum Wind Load Forces on Walls

##### Wind Direction 1

##### Net Forces with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)

Walls 1/2 -	=	4,318	lbs
Wall 3 or 4 -	=	3,468	lbs
Roof Uplift -	=	3,351	lbs



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**Net Forces with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)**

Walls 1/2	-	=	4,318	lbs
Wall 3 or 4	-	=	1,938	lbs
Roof Uplift	-	=	2,280	lbs

**Wind Direction 2**

**Net Forces with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)**

Walls 3/4	-	=	5,020	lbs
Wall 1 or 2	-	=	3,048	lbs
Roof Uplift	-	=	3,350	lbs

**Net Forces with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)**

Walls 3/4	-	=	5,020	lbs
Wall 1 or 2	-	=	1,704	lbs
Roof Uplift	-	=	2,278	lbs

**Enclosure Overturn Forces**

(Postive forces act upward, negative forces act downward)

**Wind Direction 1**

**Net Forces with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)**

Overturn on Walls 1/2	=	2,280	lbs
Overturn on Walls 3/4	=	2,140	lbs

**Net Forces with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)**

Overturn on Walls 1/2	=	1,958	lbs
Overturn on Walls 3/4	=	1,164	lbs

**Wind Direction 2**

**Net Forces with + Internal Pressure(+Gcpi)**

Overturn on Walls 3/4	=	2,804	lbs
Overturn on Walls 1/2	=	1,976	lbs

**Net Forces with - Internal Pressure(-Gcpi)**

Overturn on Walls 3/4	=	2,483	lbs
Overturn on Walls 1/2	=	974	lbs

Design Overturn Force ( $O_E$ ) = 2,804 lbs Acting On Wall 3/4

**Mounting Hardware - Enclosure to Base/Tank or Pad**

To be conservative, half the bolt connections along the adjacent walls are neglected.

No. of Bolt Connections Along Wall 3/4 = 8 5/16" - 18 - Grade 18-8/SS

**Enclosure Overturn Design Calculations**

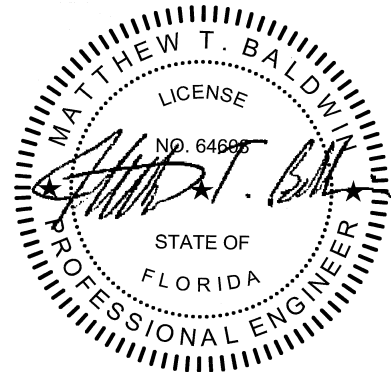
Grade 18-8 Ultimate Strength	=	150,000	psi
Grade 18-8 Shear Strength	=	30,000	psi (Includes Reduction Factor)
5/16" Bolt Effective Area	=	0.051	in <sup>2</sup>
Shear Strength per Bolt	=	1,530	lbs

Total Bolts Shear Strength ( $R_{vb}$ ) = 12,240 lbs

**Conclusion**

( $O_E$ ) 2,804 lbs < ( $R_v$ ) 12,240 lbs

**OK**  
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